

## **Abdullahel Hadi**

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### **A. Education**

- BA (Honors in Sociology), University of Chittagong, Bangladesh, 1977
- MS (Health system management and planning), Long Island University, New York, 1984
- PhD (Public Health and biostatistics), Columbia University, New York, 1988

### **B. Present position**

Research Coordinator, BRAC, Bangladesh (December 1999 - till date).

### **C. Past positions**

- ◆ Joined University of Chittagong in 1979 as a *Lecturer*.
- ◆ Worked with University Research Corporation as *Research Associate*
- ◆ Served as *Consultant* to the Urban Health Research Project of the ICDDR,B in Bangladesh.
- ◆ Joined BRAC as *Senior Research Sociologist* to run the health and demographic surveillance system.

### **D. Publications (as lead author)**

- Hadi, A. and Parveen, R. (2004). Arsenicosis in Bangladesh: prevalence and socioeconomic correlates *Public Health* 118: 559-564.
- Hadi, A. and Parveen, R. (2003). Promoting knowledge of sexual illnesses among women in Bangladesh: Can Non-Governmental Organizations play a role? *Asia-Pacific Population Journal* 18(1): 1-16.
- Hadi, A. (2003). Management of acute respiratory infections by community health volunteers: experience of Bangladesh Rural Advancement Committee (BRAC) in Bangladesh. *Bulletin of the World Health Organization* 81(3): 183-189.
- Hadi, A. (2003). Fighting arsenic at the grassroots: experience of BRAC's community awareness initiative in Bangladesh. *Health Policy and Planning* 18(1): 93-100.
- Hadi, A. (2002). Integrating prevention of acute respiratory infections with micro-credit programme: experience of BRAC, Bangladesh. *Public Health* 116: 1-7.
- Hadi, A. (2001). Promoting health knowledge through micro-credit programme: Experience of BRAC, Bangladesh. *Health Promotion International* 16(3): 219-227.
- Hadi, A. (2000). A participatory approach to sanitation: experience of NGOs in Bangladesh. *Health Policy and Planning* 15(3): 332-337.
- Hadi, A. (2001). Effects of productive role of Bangladeshi women on their reproductive decisions. *Asia-Pacific Population Journal* 16(4): 1-14.
- Hadi, A. (2001). Diagnosis of pneumonia by community health volunteers: experience of BRAC, Bangladesh. *Tropical Doctor* 31: 75-77.
- Hadi, A. (2001). The effects of micro-credit programmes on the reproductive behaviour of women in rural areas of Bangladesh. In Sathar, Z. and Philips, J.F. (eds.) *Fertility Transition in South Asia*. New York: Oxford University Press.
- Hadi, A. (2000). Prevalence and correlates of the risk of sexual violence within marriage in Bangladesh. *Journal of Interpersonal Violence*, 15(8): 787-805.
- Hadi, A. (2000). Child abuse among working children in rural Bangladesh: prevalence and determinants. *Public Health* 114: 380-384.
- Hadi, A. (1994). Population dynamics and educational progress in Bangladesh, in M. A. Mabud (ed.), *Bangladesh's Population Problems and Programme Dynamics*. Dhaka: PDEU, 1991.

